

CEPAL/CARIB 31/14

Date: October 1981

ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR LATIN AMERICA
Office for the Caribbean



GRENADA:
A SELECT BIBLIOGRAPHY

October 1981

P R E F A C E

One of the prime objectives of the Caribbean Documentation Centre is to provide national planners, policy-makers, researchers and their libraries and information centres, with an outreaching information service in those areas of co-operation which member governments of the Caribbean Development and Co-operation Committee (CDCC) have identified as crucial for regional, economic and social development.

As one means towards achieving this objective, the Centre produces periodic select bibliographies. The following bibliography is the third in the series and contains references and, where possible, abstracts of documents held by the Centre and by the information systems and libraries listed below. The computerized data bases of these institutions were searched to retrieve the information provided.

The bibliography consists of documents and journal references relating to Grenada and is arranged according to the subject category fields used by the OECD Macrothesaurus for Information Processing in the Field of Economic and Social Development. New English edition, 1978*.

Wilma Primus
Manager

*These subject category fields are listed below.

61
62

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68

(ii)

CONTRIBUTING INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND LIBRARIES

CDC	Caribbean Documentation Centre United Nations, Economic Commission for Latin America, Office for the Caribbean, P.O. Box 113, Port-of-Spain, Trinidad.
CEPAL/CLADES	Comisión Económica para América Latina/ Centro Latinoamericano de Documentación Económica y Social, Casilla 179-D, Santiago, Chile.
DEVSI	Development Sciences Information System, International Development Research Centre, Box 8500, Ottawa, Canada K19 3H9
GDP	Library, Ministry of Finance and Planning, St. George's Grenada.
IESA/ISU	Development Information System, Information Systems Unit, Dept. of International Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations, N.Y. 10017, U.S.A.
ILO *	Central Library and Documentation Branch, International Labour Office, CH-1211 Geneva 22, Switzerland.

* Please note that the ILO cannot make available publications listed in the bibliography unless they are publications of the ILO itself.
These are always indicated as /ILO pub/. All items other than ILO publications should be secured through the issuing agency or the publisher indicated in the bibliographical entry, or borrowed from a local library.

UNBIS	United Nations Bibliographic Information System, Dag Hammarskjöld Library, United Nations, N.Y. 10017, U.S.A.
UNIDO	Industrial Information Section, United Nations Industrial Development Organization, Vienna International Centre, A-1400 Vienna, Austria.

OECD MACROTHESAURUS SUBJECT CATEGORY FIELDS

- 01 INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.
- 02 ECONOMIC POLICY. SOCIAL POLICY. PLANNING.
- 03 ECONOMIC CONDITIONS. ECONOMIC RESEARCH. ECONOMIC SYSTEMS.
- 04 INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK.
- 05 CULTURE. SOCIETY.
- 06 EDUCATION. TRAINING.
- 07 AGRICULTURE.
- 08 INDUSTRY.
- 09 TRADE.
- 10 TRANSPORT.
- 11 PUBLIC FINANCE. BANKING. INTERNATIONAL MONETARY RELATIONS.
- 12 MANAGEMENT. PRODUCTIVITY.
- 13 LABOUR.
- 14 DEMOGRAPHY. POPULATION.
- 15 BIOLOGY. FOOD. HEALTH.
- 16 ENVIRONMENT. NATURAL RESOURCES.
- 17 EARTH SCIENCES. SPACE SCIENCES.
- 18 SCIENCE. RESEARCH. METHODOLOGY.
- 19 INFORMATION. DOCUMENTATION.

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01. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

001

CDC-UN

Clarke, S. St. A.
CEPAL. Office for the Caribbean (Port of Spain, Trinidad)

Declaration of St. George's.
(Declaración de San Jorge)

Port of Spain, 1979. 4p.
CARIB/INT/79/7/ADD.1

Declaration of St. George's signed by the government of Dominica, Grenada and St. Lucia on July 16, 1979, in an effort to contribute to peace, development, friendship and regional solidarity in the Caribbean.
CEPAL PUB, CONVENTIONS, DOMINICA, GRENADA, ST. LUCIA.

Eng1

002

CDC-UN

Clarke, S. St. A.
CEPAL. Office for the Caribbean (Port of Spain, Trinidad)

Inter-governmental reorganization in the Eastern Caribbean.
(Reorganización inter-gubernamental en el Caribe Oriental)

Port of Spain, 1977. 11p.
CARIB/INT/79/7

Outlines the organizational re-shuffle taking place within the Eastern Caribbean, in terms of the proposed establishment of the Organization of Eastern States (OECS), and the eventual disbandment of WISA and the ECCM. This is presented against a background of significant political events in Dominica, Grenada and St. Lucia.

CEPAL PUB, INTER-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS, ANTIGUA, DOMINICA, GRENADA, ST. LUCIA, ST. VINCENT, MONTSERRAT, ST. KITTS-NEVIS-ANGUILLA.

Eng1

003

ILO

Harper, R.K.
ILO

Report to the Federal Government of the West Indies on Co-operative Development in Dominica, Barbados, Grenada, St. Lucia and St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla. V.1.

Geneva, 1961. 36p. Tables.
(ILO-ILO/TAP/WEST INDIES/R.7/1)

ILO PUB. Part 1 of a project report on cooperative development in the West Indies Associated States, with particular reference to Dominica, Barbados, Grenada, St. Lucia and St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla - surveys the present situation, covers financial aspects, legal aspects and administrative aspects, cooperative education, etc., and includes recommendations in respect thereof.

Eng1

004

CDC-UN

Liebich, F.K.

CEPAL. Office for the Caribbean (Port of Spain, Trinidad)

Considerations concerning the introduction of the ECCM tariff.

Volume II. Country notes.

(Consideraciones respecto a la introducción del arancel del MCCO.

Volumen 2. Notas de los países.)

Port of Spain, CEPAL, 1968. 63p.

ECLA/POS 70/ 8/Add.1

Summary of discussions held with the ECCM countries of St. Lucia, Dominica, Grenada, St. Vincent, St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla, Montserrat and Antigua, in order to evaluate the fiscal and other important implications resulting from the introduction of the ECCM tariff.

CEPAL PUB, TARIFF AGREEMENTS, COMMON MARKET, ANTIGUA, DOMINICA, GRENADA, ST. VINCENT, ST. KITTS-NEVIS-ANGUILLA, ECCM

Engl

005

CDC

West Indies (Associated States) Council of Ministers.

Treaties etc. (Castries, LC)

Treaty establishing the Organization of Eastern Caribbean States
Castries, 1981. 48p.

Treaty lists member states and conditions of membership, purposes and functions of the Organization, its composition and responsibilities of the institutions of the Organization. It also sets out procedures for the settlement of disputes, international relations, and the establishment of the headquarters of the Organization. Annexes detail the terms for the Conciliation Commission, the agreements establishing the East Caribbean Common Market.

INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS, ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION, OECS*, ECCM*.

02. ECONOMIC POLICY. SOCIAL POLICY. PLANNING

006

GDP

ILO

Agnihotri, V.

ILO

Grenada: Manpower assesment and planning; project findings and recommendations.

Geneva, 1976. 12p.

(ILO-GEN/72/015)

ILO PUB. PROJECT REPORT ON THE IMPROVEMENT OF MANPOWER PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT IN GRENADA - OUTLINES PROJECT ACTIVITIES AND RESULTS IN RESPECT OF INFORMATION ON MANPOWER NEEDS AND CURRENT AND FUTURE REQUIREMENTS, AND INCLUDES A SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

Engl

1976

ISBN: 92-2-101524-6

007

CDC 198
ILO

Agnihotri, V.
ILO (Geneva, Switzerland)
UNDP (new York, N.Y., US)

Report to the Government of Grenada on manpower assessment and planning.

(Informe al gobierno de Granada sobre la valoración y planificación de la mano de obra.)

Geneva, 1975. 219p.

Presents a social and economic background of Grenada, then gives an assessment of current manpower resources, requirements and problems. The main characteristics of manpower development as well as manpower planning and forecasts are given. Education and training facilities are considered as manpower policies and services. Conclusions and recommendations are also included.

MANPOWER NEEDS, MANPOWER PLANNING, EMPLOYMENT POLICY, FORECASTS,
GRENADA, STATISTICAL DATA

008

CDC

Bubb, O.

A comment on some economic strategies of the People's Revolutionary Government. In Bulletin of Eastern Caribbean Affairs, vol.7, no.1, March/April 1981, p.36-40.

Concerns Grenada.

009

UNBIS

Caribbean region. Assistance in physical planning (phase II): project findings and recommendations.

1977 - iv, 12p., 10 separate appendixes

Photo- offset.

Prepared for the Governments of Caribbean region by the United Nations as executing agency for UNDP. Report no.: DP/UN/CAR-75-001; project symbol CAR-75-001

Distribution: Restricted (not for deposit).

KEYS: physical planning:/UNDP projects: Caribbean region
physical planning:/UNDP projects: Antigua
physical planning:/UNDP projects: British Virgin Islands
physical planning:/UNDP projects: Cayman Islands
physical planning:/UNDP projects: Dominica
physical planning:/UNDP projects: Grenada
physical planning:/UNDP projects: Montserrat
physical planning:/UNDP projects: St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla
physical planning:/UNDP projects: St. Lucia
physical planning:/UNDP projects: St. Vincent
physical planning:/UNDP projects: Turks and Caicos Islands

010

IESA/ISU

Eastern Caribbean physical planning project: progress report.

7 Jan 1971. 36p. in various pagings

UNDP East Caribbean physical planning project. Mimeographed report.

Availability: Restricted.

Dyer, H.T. Palvia, C.M.

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

Report by UN advisers on progress of East Caribbean physical planning project since its inception in May 1966. Details are given for each country (British Virgin Islands, Dominica, Grenada, St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla, St. Lucia, Montserrat, Turks and Caicos Islands and St. Vincent) on accomplishments in the areas of planning organization, legislation, training, mapping, surveying, comprehensive master planning and housing programmes. Advice of experts, consultants and other agencies is included.

011

ILO

GRENADA

Five year development plan, 1967-1971.

St. George's, 1966. 12p. Tables.

ESTIMATION OF THE COST OF THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME OF GRENADA.

Engl

1966

012

GDB

Grenada Government

Grenada brief outline of a ten year development plan 1974/83.

St. George's, 1974

The plan outline seeks to establish objectives and targets based on projections of development especially in the public sector. It outlines the problems related to development giving recommendations for amelioration. The plan examines employment, monetary policies, fiscal policies, agricultural production for local and export markets, imports of agricultural products, tourism, infrastructure and housing. An appendix shows estimates of public sector capital expenditure with explanations of the expenditure proposed for each project.

GRENADA, ECONOMIC CONDITIONS, AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, ECONOMIC POLICY, STATISTICAL DATA.

013

IESA/ISU

Grenada: proposed physical area development strategy, 1977-1990.

Project number: CAR-75-001

30 June 1977, ca, 160p. in various pagings; ill.

Mimeographed report. Prepared for the Government of Grenada by

UN Physical Planning Unit in association with Ministry of Communications and Works.

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US.

Report proposes a sectoral physical development strategy for Grenada. Describes background and objectives of the UNDP Physical Planning Unit, and surveys existing demographic, economic, and social conditions, briefly noting trends that may affect development. Analyses physical factors to be considered in the development of an overall national economic policy.

Gives details of the proposed strategy by sector including settlement organization, land use, transport infrastructure, public utilities and services, agriculture, tourism, industrial development, education, health, and environmental protection. Outlines preliminary steps and organizational considerations for implementation of the strategy. Appendices contain statistical tables, maps, and a bibliography.

014

ILO

Grenada. Development Programme Commission
Trinidad and Tobago. Economic Planning Division
Grenada five-year development plan 1964-1968 - Report...
Port-of-Spain, Government Printer, 1965. 188p. Tables, map.

DRAFT, NATIONAL PLAN OF GRENADA DURING THE PERIOD FROM 1964 TO 1968 - INCLUDES FINANCIAL ESTIMATES AND INFORMATION ON THE FINANCING AND THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN, AND COVERS AGRICULTURAL POLICY, TOURISM, EDUCATION, HEALTH, HOUSING, THE INFRASTRUCTURE, PUBLIC SERVICES, WATER SUPPLY, SEA TRANSPORT, AIR TRANSPORT, ETC. MAP AND STATISTICS.

Engl.
1965

015

IESA/ISU

Planning today for tomorrow (slides).
n.d. slides; sd., col.
Availability: Limited. Mexico (E); Vancouver (E). Loan only.
(GRN 132).
Surveys the needs of Grenada, both in the rural and urban areas.
Priorities include healthy housing in a planned community, i.e. with all necessary social services, and diversification and intensification of agricultural production.

016

IESA/ISU

UNDP/OTC preparatory assistance mission: development planning for Grenada: report no. 1: final report on consultancy mission findings and conclusions.
Project number: GRN-74-018-A-01
July 1975. 14p.
Unpublished typescript.
Availability: Restricted.
Coudsy, A.
UNDP, New York, N.Y. US
UN. Office of Technical Cooperation New York, N.Y. US
Project cost: \$4,500

Final report on a mission to help the Government of Grenada formulate a national development strategy, and to establish a planning unit to initiate and co-ordinate development plans and programmes. Assesses economic and social development needs of the country, and makes recommendations regarding statistics gathering and training, planning administration and machinery, and future UNDP technical assistance and financing.

017

IESA/ISU

UNDP/OTC preparatory assistance mission; development planning for Grenada: report no.2; outline for a long-term national development strategy.

Project number: GRN-74-018-A-01

July 1975. 18p.

Unpublished typescript.

Availability: Restricted.

Coudsy, A.

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

UN. Office of Technical Cooperation New York, N.Y. US

Project cost: \$4,500

Project report outlines, in general terms, a long-term development strategy for Grenada. Discusses strategic objectives and broad points of policy in the development of territory and land, population, and the national economy. Describes points to be considered in a sectoral approach (including agriculture, manufacturing, tourism, commerce and trade) to strategy implementation. Notes the necessity of an integrated or harmonized approach to development.

018

IESA/ISU

UNDP/OTC preparatory assistance mission: development planning for Grenada: report no. 3: memorandum to the Government of Grenada on the structure, organization and coverage of a development planning unit in Grenada State.

Project number: GRN-74-018-A-01

July 1975. 20p.

Unpublished typescript.

Availability: Restricted.

Coudsy, A.

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

UN. Office of Technical Cooperation New York, N.Y. US

Project cost: \$4,500

Consultant's memorandum discusses institutional framework and organizational structure of the development planning administration in the State of Grenada. Reviews previous planning proposals, and analyses Grenada's present needs, economic resources, and limitations and constraints of the current government administration. Describes proposals including (1) establishment of an economic development unit as a separate body within the Prime Minister's Office; (2) creation of a liaison agency, the Central Development Coordination Board; (3) establishment of a sectoral rural programming and statistical unit; and (4) appointment of a Carriacou regional development technical committee. Notes functions, responsibilities, and personnel for each of the planning organizations proposed.

019

IESA/ISU

UNDP/OTC preparatory assistance mission: development planning for Grenada: report no.4: project request of the Government of Grenada to the UNDP/OTC for technical assistance in economic and social development planning.

Project number: GRN-74-018-A-01

July 1975. 13p.

Unpublished typescript.

Coudsy, A.

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

UN. Office of Technical Cooperation New York, N.Y. US

Project cost: \$4,500

...

Draft document describes technical assistance project to establish an economic planning unit within the Government of Grenada.

Describes background and justification for the project, as well as long-range and immediate objectives. Outlines the project work plan, describing specific activities and time allotted for completion of each. Gives UNDP input in terms of staff, training, supplies, equipment, and financing. Notes Government contributions to the project.

03 ECONOMIC CONDITIONS. ECONOMIC RESEARCH. ECONOMIC SYSTEMS.

020

UNBIS

E/ICEF/P/L.1883(REC)

Country programme profile. Caribbean Islands

11 Apr.1979 - 9p.

Distribution: Limited (not for deposit).

KEYS: Caribbean region:/UNICEF programme

021

UNBIS

E/CEPAL/1050/Rev.1

Economic survey of Latin America, 1977

1978 - [540] p.: tables

Printed.

Sales No.: 79.II.G.-

Price: \$U.S.22.00

KEYS: economic surveys:/Latin America

economic surveys

transnational corporations:/investments in developing countries:
statistics

transnational corporations:/investments in Latin America:statistics
trade:statistics

economic trends:/Argentina

economic trends:/Bahamas

economic trends:/Barbados

economic trends:/Bolivia

economic trends:/Brazil

economic trends:/Chile

economic trends:/Colombia

Costa Rica:/economic trends

economic trends:/Dominican Republic

economic trends:/Ecuador

economic trends:/El Salvador

economic trends:/Grenada

economic trends:/Guatemala

economic trends:/Guyana

economic trends:/Haiti

economic trends:/Honduras

economic trends:/Jamaica

economic trends:/Mexico

economic trends:/Nicaragua
economic trends:/Panama
economic trends:/Paraguay
economic trends:/Peru
Suriname:/economic trends
Trinidad and Tobago:/economic trends
Uruguay:/economic trends
economic trends:/Venezuela

022

UNBIS

E/CEPAL/G/1103/Rev.1

Economic survey of Latin America, 1978

Aug. 1980 - /595/ p.: tables, charts

Printed.

Sales No.: 80.II.G.1

Price: \$U.S.25.00

KEYS: economic surveys
economic surveys:/Latin America
economic conditions:/Argentina
economic conditions:/Bahamas
economic conditions:/Barbados
economic conditions:/Bolivia
economic conditions:/Brazil
economic conditions:/Colombia
economic conditions:/Costa Rica
economic conditions:/Cuba
economic conditions:/Chile
economic conditions:/Ecuador
economic conditions:/El Salvador
economic conditions:/Grenada
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economic conditions:/Paraguay
economic conditions:/Peru
economic conditions:/Dominican Republic
economic conditions:/Suriname
economic conditions:/Trinidad and Tobago
economic conditions:/Uruguay
economic conditions:/Venezuela

023

CDC

Grenada: towards a new socialism. In Courier, no.61, May-June, 1980
pp. 19-34.

024

ILO

OAS. Inter-American Economic and Social Council

Situation. Principal problems and prospects for the economic and Social development of Grenada.

Washington, 1975. 1 V. (OAS-OEA/SER.H/XIV VEPCIES/97)

OAS PUB. Conference paper comprising a mission report on welfare and economic conditions in Grenada - covers population, economic development, employment, education, health, housing, public finance, etc. References and statistical tables. Conf Washington 1975 Oct. 10-15.

Engl
1975

025

ILO

O'Loughlin, C.

Yale University

Economic and political change in the Leeward and Windward Islands. New Haven. Yale University Press, 1968. IX, 260p. Tables, maps. (Its Caribbean series, no. 10)

General study of islands of the West Indies and the Caribbean, with particular reference to the British Leeward and Windward islands of Antigua, Barbuda, Dominica, Grenada, Montserrat, St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla, St. Lucia and St. Vincent - covers economic and political aspects, economic structures, educational planning, demographic and geographical aspects, trade, industrialization, economic integration, etc. Bibliography pp. 251-254, and references.

Engl
1968

026

CDC

O'Loughlin, C.

Survey of economic potential and capital needs of the Leeward Is., Windward Is. and Barbados.

(Encuesta del potencial económica y las necesidades financieras de las Islas de Sotavento y Barlovento y Barbados.)

London, HMSO, 1963. 185p. Dept. of Technical Cooperation, Overseas Research Publication, No. 5

Summarizes the economic problems and potential of the region as a whole, then explains the methodology used in making the projections for the period 1963-1973. Additionally the economic potential of the islands of St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Lucia St. Vincent, Barbados and Grenada is highlighted with a discussion of regional projects and areas of technical co-operation.

ECONOMIC SURVEY, ECONOMIC PROJECTIONS, METHODOLOGY, ECONOMIC CONDITIONS, ST. KITTS-NEVIS-ANGUILLA, ANTIGUA, MONTSERRAT, DOMINICA, ST. LUCIA, ST. VINCENT, BARBADOS, GRENADA, STATISTICAL DATA.

Engl

027

CDC

St. Rose, M.
Boyce, D.
CDB (Bridgetown, Barbados)

Economic review: Grenada.
(Análisis económico: Granada.)

Bridgetown, Barbados, 1976. 1 v.

Second draft prepared for official use

Reviews the performance of the Grenadian economy which was adversely affected by drought and a severe rainstorm in 1975. It also gives details about specific areas, namely agriculture, tourism, foreign trade and government revenue and expenditure. Statistical tables are included.

ECONOMIC SURVEY, AGRICULTURE, TOURISM, PUBLIC FINANCE, FOREIGN
TRADE, GRENADA, STATISTICAL TABLES.

Engl

028

IESA/ISU

Terminal report: summary report of activities (1976 - to date) [by the]
regional statistical adviser [in national accounts: Grenada and Antigua].

14 Dec 1979. 7p.

Mimeographed report.

Mathur, G.K. (UN Dept. of Technical Co-operation for Development,
New York, N.Y. US)

Status report on the development of national accounts statistics of Grenada, West Indies during the period Feb.1976 - Feb.1977 and of national accounts estimates for the ECCM countries from Feb.1977 to date. Provides brief description of an uncompleted manual for the compilation of national accounts for ECCM. Points out the need for and importance of statistical material, the need for norms and standards in collecting and presenting statistics, and the lack of trained statistical personnel in ECCM countries. Provides list of documents prepared by expert during his assignment.

04. INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

029

CDC

Bishop, M.

National broadcast by comrade Maurice Bishop, Prime Minister,
People's Revolutionary Government, Grenada, 18 September, 1979.

(Discurso inicial de Maurice Bishop, Primer Ministro del Gobierno
Revolucionario de Granada, 18 de septiembre, 1979.)

St. George's, Prime Minister's Office, 1979. 13p.

Recalls the achievements and progress made six months after the successful revolution in Grenada by the People's Revolutionary Government (PRG). Advises, however, about consistent efforts to destabilize the country and thereby turn back the revolution, but warns that the full weight of the revolution will be brought to bear on such individuals.

030

CDC

Emannuel, P.

Crown colony politics in Grenada, 1917-1951. 1 Cave Hill, Institute of Social and Economic Research, 1978. 103p. :tbls. (ISER (Cave Hill) Occasional Papers, No.7).

General

A study of political institutions and developments in the context of colonial society in Grenada from 1917-1951. Summarizes the character of Grenada's social structure, economy and political system from British colonization to the 1920s and focuses on the role of local political representatives as the Colony moved from the status of a "pure" Crown Colony in which the Legislature included a proportion of the elected members drawn from the upper and middle strata of society chosen because of their high property and high incomes qualifications. Highlights the thoughts and activities of the famous politician and journalist of the period, the late Theophilus Albert Marryshow. Discusses the agitation for elected representation undertaken by the Representative Government Association from 1917-1922; the conflicts which developed in the working of the 1925 Constitution; the intensified conflicts of the early 1930s centering around socio-economic hardship and the work of the Grenada Workingmen's Association; the limited constitutional reforms of 1936; the concession of universal adult franchise in the 1951 Constitution; and the reason why Marryshow and the old generation of Crown Colony constitutions were supplemented by Eric Gairy and the labour movement which was born in the general strike of 1951.

POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT, GRENADA, SOCIAL HISTORY.

Engl

031

ILO

Grenada. Constitution

Constitution of Grenada.

London, H.M.S.O., 1974. 73p. UK. Statutory instruments, 1973 No.2155.

Text of the Grenada Constitution Order of 1973 - Covers the protection of civil rights, the establishment of the Office of Governor-General (Political leadership), the composition of Parliament, the structure of central government, public finance, the civil service, citizenship, the administration of justice, etc.

Engl

1973

ISBN: 0-11-0322155-3

032

CDC

Grenada. Laws, statutes etc.

Order in council of Grenada 1973 (Constitution)

(Orden real de Granada de 1973 - Constitución)

OAS

Washington, US, 1977

...

Outlines legislation regarding the composition, formulation and proceedings of Parliament, deals with the protection of fundamental rights and liberties of persons and citizenship. Laws relating to the formation and composition of the public service commission, appointments and retirement of public service officials, and the power of the executive are outlined. Judicial and other arrangements concerning tribunals on constitutional matters, the Appeal Court and local Government are detailed. Financial matters relating to the Contingency and other public funds, and the responsibilities of the Auditor General in this regard are presented.

LEGISLATION, CONSTITUTION, PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION.

033 DEVSIS IESA/ISU
Public administration: organization and methods: Grenada: project findings and recommendations.

Project number: GRN-72-019

DP/UN/GRN-72-019/1

1974. 30p.

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

Consultant report examines public administration in Grenada.

Recommendations for reform include: management by objectives, training programmes for civil servants, administrative reforms and job description clarification.

034 ILO

UK. Colonial Office

Windward Islands Constitutional Conference, London, 1966

Report...

London, 1966. 46p. (Cmd. 3021)

Conference report of a meeting of Windward Island Governments (Dominica, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and Grenada) to comment upon proposed new constitutional arrangements. Human rights, public administration, financial matters, legislation. Conf. London 1966 April 18 - May 6.

Engl

1966

05. CULTURE.SOCIETY

035 CDC

Joseph, R.

The significance of the Grenada revolution to women in Grenada. In Bulletin of Eastern Caribbean Affairs, vol.7, no.1, March/April 1981, p. 16-19.

036 IESA/ISU

Report of a mission to Grenada (5 - 10 September 1976) [by interregional adviser on youth policies and programmes].

[1976]. 12p.

Dittoed report.

Availability: Restricted.

Bazinet, J.M. (UN. Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs, New York, N.Y. US)

...

Report of a mission requested by the Government of Grenada to advise the Ministry of Youth Development, Sport and Labour on its youth policies and programmes. Notes that since 50 per cent of the population of Grenada is under 15, the youth situation could become very serious unless the country's economic development speeds up and education programmes, particularly in areas of technology and agriculture; the newly-organized Youth Development Department; and voluntary youth organizations. Recommends clarification of Government's youth policy and its integration in national plans.

037

ILO

Smith, M. G.

Stratification in Grenada.

Berkeley, University of California Press, 1965. XIII, 271p. Tables, diagrs.

Social research on Grenada. Social Theory. Historical reasons for the social structure of the population. The preordination of the social status of certain groups. Social implications of local tradition. Managers and employers position. Occupational structure, income distribution, rural ownership, housing and geographical aspects.

Engl
1965

038

CDC

Starbird, E.A.

St. Vincent, the Grenadines, and Grenada: taking it as it comes. In National Geographic, vol.156, no.3, September 1979. p.399-425.

039

CDC

UNESCO (Paris, France)

Race and class in post-colonial society; a study of ethnic group relations in the English-speaking Caribbean, Bolivia, Chile and Mexico.

(Razas y clases en la sociedad post-colonial; un estudio de relaciones entre grupos étnicos en los países del Caribe de habla inglesa, Bolivia, Chile y México.)

Paris, 1977. 458p. Race and society

Report of a study commissioned by UNESCO as part of its series on race and ethnicity. Describes race and ethnic relations in the Caribbean, with special emphasis on Barbados, Grenada and Jamaica. Inter-ethnic relations in Bolivia, Chile and Mexico are also outlined using partially a Marxist framework and Weberian analysis. Arguments are developed on the complex relationship between colonialism and subsequent social stratification, and between race and class; new theoretical perspectives are suggested.

RACE RELATIONS, SOCIAL CLASSES, ETHNIC GROUPS, CARIBBEAN, BARBADOS, GRENADA, JAMAICA, BOLIVIA, CHILE, MEXICO.

Engl

06. EDUCATION. TRAINING

040

CDC

Glean, C. A.

Reaching beyond the grasp: a revolutionary approach to education. In Bulletin of Eastern Caribbean Affairs, vol.7, no.1, March/April 1981, p.5-11
Concerns Grenada.

07. AGRICULTURE

041

CDC

Brierley, J. S.

University of Manitoba, Dept. of Geography (Winnipeg, CA).

Small farming in Grenada, West Indies.

Winnipeg, US, 1974. 326p. Manitoba Geographical Studies 4.

To identify the factors which influence the development of agriculture in Grenada, a survey of 292 small farmers (representing a 6% sampling proportion), was conducted throughout the island's parishes in 1969. The first part of the study situates the small farmer within the context of the cultural and physical background of Grenada. An explanation of the questionnaire design and the sampling methods employed is then given. Analysis of the data obtained facilitates the identification of a set of norms for small farmers as a whole and an analysis of the System of tenure and degree of fragmentation of holdings. Four types of small farmers are identified and described (non-commercial, semi-commercial, commercial, operators of miniature estates) and these are synthesized in an analysis of the aspects of small farming (land use, cash crops, farming practices, levels of farming). The result of factor analysis reveals the relevance of the farmer's social background in determining his success on the land, but it would seem that the amount of owned land on a farm, is the major factor influencing the nature of small farming. The study concludes by providing some pragmatic suggestions as to how the findings might benefit the development of small farming in Grenada.

SMALL FARMERS*- FARM SIZE, LAND TENURE, FARMING, OBSTACLES TO DEVELOPMENT.

042

UNIDO

Clark, W. P.

UNIDO

(R) A report to the government of Grenada on opportunities for development in Forestry and Forest Industries. (1976).

Vienna, 1976. 31p.

UNIDO-UNIDO/IOD.56

UNIDO PUB. Expert report on forestry and wood processing in Grenada - Covers (1) Timber resources, tree species (2) Forest industries with attention to: sawnwood, roundwood, timber shortages, market factors; wood furniture industry; container (box and crate) production for agricultural crops; small shipbuilding (3) Development potential, forest resources conservation and improvement, commercial forest plantations. Recommendations, bibliography, job descriptions. Restricted.

Engl

043

CDC

Grenada. Ministry of Agriculture (St. George's Grenada)
Agricultural census 1975.
(Censo de agricultura 1975).
(Recensement agricole 1975).

St. George's, Grenada

Presents a series of statistical tables which give the results of the agricultural census undertaken in Grenada. The data reflect: number of farmers, size of farms, employment on farms, number of animals per parish, milk production, farm equipment, and crops produced.

AGRICULTURAL CENSUSES, STATISTICAL TABLES, EMPLOYMENT, AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION.

044

CDC

Grenada sugar cane resuscitation project.

Grenada Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
St. George's, Grenada. 1977. 13p.

Presents a project proposal for CIDA assistance in the resuscitation of Grenada's sugar industry. The move to resuscitation was initiated because of the dependence of subsistence farmers on the industry, the failure to find an alternative crop, and economic considerations, namely the industry's contribution to incomes, employment and foreign exchange savings. The general aims are to increase acreage, average yield per acre and output, by desired targets; to increase and improve the processing of sugar-cane and its by-products; and to improve the lot of the cane farmer. There have been several achievements to date but the problems at present are, the rate at which the programme can be effected and the limitation placed by financial constraints upon the level of services that can be provided. A grant of EC\$2,394,390, in addition to funds from local inputs, is required to institute the following services: fertiliser revolving fund; revolving ploughing programme; pest, disease and weed control revolving programme; transport and feeder roads; training for farmers; processing facilities; credit; and nursery development. Details of how these will be implemented and financed are provided.

AGRICULTURAL PROJECTS, SUGAR CANE, CIDA.

045

CDC

Guidicelli, M.

Grenadian fisheries development: mission findings and recommendations.
- Panama: Western Atlantic Fisheries Commission, 1978. - 35p. -
(WECAF reports; no.20).

046

CDC

Henderson, T. H.

UWI, Department of Agricultural Extension (St. Augustine, Trinidad)

Trained manpower needs in the agricultural sector: Leeward and Windward Islands.

(Necesidad de mano de obra capacitada en el sector agrícola:
Islas de Sotavento y Barlovento.)

...

St. Augustine, Trinidad, 1976. 1 v.

Presents agriculture in relation to the rest of the economy, then outlines the present staff situation and project trained manpower needs in the Leeward and Windward Islands. Makes a survey of existing agricultural training institutions in the Commonwealth Caribbean and finally suggests long-term plans for training at intermediate and farmer levels.

MANPOWER NEEDS, AGRICULTURAL SECTOR, DOMINICA, ST. LUCIA, ST. VINCENT, GRENADA, ST. KITTS-NEVIS-ANGUILLA, MONTSERRAT, ANTIGUA

Engl

047

CDC-UN

Ifill, M. B.

CEPAL. Office for the Caribbean (Port-of-Spain, Trinidad)

Agricultural Sector Plan for Grenada, 1977-1981.

(Plan Sectorial de Agricultura para Granada 1977-1981).

Port-of-Spain, CEPAL, 1977. 2 v.

ECLA/CARIB 77/3

Describes an Agricultural Sector Plan for Grenada. Outlines the present situation regarding the status of agriculture and food and presents a strategy for development planning in agriculture. Gives analysis of demand and supply projections for major crops and for domestic food production to 1981. Outlines methodology for agricultural planning, and gives supporting statistical data. Volume 2 contains maps.

CEPAL PUB, GRENADA, AGRICULTURE, PLANNING, MAPS

Engl

048

GDP

Ifill, M. B.

UNRISD ~~for~~ CEPAL. Office for the Caribbean (Port of Spain, Trinidad)

Food system and popular participation model based on studies done in Grenada.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, 1980. 39p. Charts.

A model showing the interdependence of the various parts of the food system in Grenada, the relationship with other systems in the society, and reflecting the complexities of human behaviour, and the attitudes and institutions within the society. The model is designed on three levels, a closed model economy, a modified model for an open economy, and an elaborate model for an open economy. The model components given are farm production input, cross farm output, disposed of marketed farm supplies, and food consumption, nutrition and human energy supplies.

GRENADA, FOOD, FOOD SUPPLY, FOOD ECONOMICS.

049

CDC

Ifill, M. B.

CEPAL, Office for the Caribbean

Report on a farm survey conducted in Grenada.

(Informe de un encuesta de granjas hecha en Granada)

...

Port of Spain, 1979. 1 V.

Indications are that the farming population is an aging one and recommends that a concerted effort be made to attract youth into farming. Adult education classes are greatly needed to improve educational standards and also to make the present farmers more amenable to change. Additionally adult education programmes should foster the growth of producer co-operatives. The survey revealed a high preference for family farms and recommends that government policy be directed to foster farming.

CEPAL PUB., SURVEYS, FARM, RECOMMENDATIONS, STATISTICAL DATA,
GRENADA.

050

CDC

Peña, M. S.

Report on mission to Grenada/ by M.S. Peña and A. J. Wirth. -
Panama: Western Atlantic Fisheries Commission, 1979. - 48p. - (WECAF
reports; no. 24).

051

CDC

UNDP (New York, N.Y. US),##
FAO (Rome, Italy)

Small scale agricultural mechanization: Grenada; project findings
and recommendations.

Rome, Italy. 1977. 33p. Tables.

AG:DP/GRN/72/021. Terminal Report

Existing agricultural conditions are reviewed and mechanization of small farms, training of farmers in the care and handling of machinery, problems in mechanization, infrastructure for operation of agricultural mechanized programme are identified as major areas for consideration by FAO and Ministry personnel. Trial mechanization in the preparation of land in small farms and in the cultivation of up-land rice is carried out and recommendations as to handling and maintenance of machinery, research on agricultural mechanization systems, improved financing, training and co-operation among farmers are made. The owner-operated family size farm with crops grown on more suitable land is seen as the logical unit. Training in handling and maintenance of machinery is identified for the second phase.

AGRICULTURAL MECHANIZATION, FOOD CROPS, SMALL FARMS*, GRENADA.

052

CDC

UWI Faculty of Agriculture (St. Augustine, Trinidad)
CARDI (St. Augustine, Trinidad)

"Small farming in Grenada". In A Profile of Small Farming in
Antigua, Montserrat and Grenada.

St. Augustine, Trinidad. CARDI, October 1980, pp. 55-82

Small farmers in Grenada are predominantly male, middle-aged and literate. Of 120 farmers surveyed, 58% indicated farming to be their sole occupation. Income levels could not be determined because of the low response rate to questions about family income; small operators seek seasonal employment during the out-of-crop season to supplement their meagre farm incomes. A higher proportion of farmers

in Grenada than in Antigua and Montserrat acknowledge keeping farm records while the majority regularly consult other persons before planning farm operations. Many farmers felt that no credit source was available to them when needed and a majority suggested the formation of cooperatives as a means of improving marketing systems. Small farms are fragmented, with the freehold system being dominant, and there is a high level of investment in equipment and farm buildings. Tree crops and bananas are the major crops grown (crop management practices are described) and intercropping is very much the norm. Constraints to livestock production include: cost and availability of feed, market conditions, praedial larceny and land suitability. Most farmers view the need for physical infrastructural improvements as requiring most attention for betterment of their communities.

FARMERS, FARMS, FARM SIZE, LAND TENURE, CROPS, LIVESTOCK.

053

GDP

W. Weir, C.
CFNI-PAHO

Food production and availability in Grenada.
Kingston, Jamaica. October 1979. 42p. Tables
CFNI-7-72-79

The report presents an analysis of food production and availability in Grenada, analysing agricultural organization, production, trade and supply of food and concludes that there is inadequate production of many basic foods, especially of meat, legumes and cereals with an overall calorie shortfall, and protein surplus. The study recommends a land use policy, leasing of Government lands to small farmers, a system of Government purchase of milk, flour production from local materials, incentives to the fishing industry, improved market facilities including news on market information, a produce credit scheme and improved irrigation.

GRENADA, FOOD PRODUCTION, FOOD SUPPLY, STATISTICAL TABLES.

08. INDUSTRY

054

CDC

Boatswain, A.
UN ECLA Office for the Caribbean
Industrial development strategies in Caribbean countries: Grenada. -
1981. - 44p. - (CEPAL/CARIB 81/3 Add.3).

055

CDC

Caribbean Development Bank (Wilkey, Barbados).
UNCTAD/GATT. ITC (Geneva, CH).
Report on the CDB/ITC Seminar/workshop on spices: Grenada.
Wilkey, Barbados. 5 May 1981

The Workshop was convened to discuss and make recommendations as regards the findings of a study of the regional production, prices and markets for spices and essential oils, which was conducted by the CDB and the International Trade Centre UNCTAD/GATT. The programme of the Workshop is outlined and is followed by a summary of the main recommendations. Special recommendations deal with production, processing and the marketing of the following: nutmegs and mace, pimento, ginger capsicum, cloves, cinammon, vanilla, turmeric, black pepper, processed spices, nutmeg oil, bay oil, and lime oil. Recommendations are also made for research and product development, dissemination of marketing data, transportation, regional and international cooperation. Appendices.

CONFERENCE REPORT, PLANT PRODUCTION, SPICES, ESSENTIAL OILS, AGRIPRODUCT PROCESSING, MARKETING.

056

CDC

Cumberbatch, E.

OAS. Department of Scientific Affairs (Washington, D. C., US)

Agro-industrial science and technology needs in Grenada.

(Sector agro-industrial y necesidades científicas y tecnológicas en Granada.)

Washington, D. C., 1977. 50p.

Presents an analysis of the development needs of the agro-industrial sector of Grenada which is the mainstay of the economy. Although the study focuses on the agro-industrial sector, it also examines the broad socio-economic issues facing development.

AGROINDUSTRY, AGRICULTURE, TECHNICAL INFORMATION, GRENADA.

057

CDC

Fletcher, T.

OAS (Washington, D. C., US)

Caribbean Seminar on Science and Technology Policy and Planning, 3, Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic, 26-30 Sep., 1977

Identification and assessment of conventional and non-conventional energy resources of Grenada; preliminary version.

(Identificación y evaluación de las fuentes de energía convencionales y no convencionales en Granada.)

Washington, D. C., 1977. 1 v.

Examines energy consumption in Grenada where most of the country's needs are satisfied mainly by imported oil. It is estimated, however, that a significant percentage of domestic energy needs are satisfied by indigenous solid fuels such as wood and charcoal. With respect to conventional energy resources states that off shore surveys for petroleum deposits have been carried out and results look promising, while for non-conventional sources suggests that attention should be given to solar, wind and hydraulic energy. Recommends conservation on the importation of petroleum products; the expansion and development of facilities for improved drying of crops using solar energy; the implementation of measuring systems to monitor solar, wind and hydraulic energy.

ENERGY, ENERGY CONSUMPTION, ENERGY SOURCES, STATISTICAL DATA.

058

CDC

Grenada Cabinet. Commission of Inquiry into Grenada Electricity Service Operations (St. George's Grenada)

Report of the Commission of Inquiry into Grenada Electricity Service Operations.

St. George's, Grenada, 1977. 37p.

The Commission was appointed to examine and investigate all aspects of the Grenada Electricity Service Operations: the financial operations of the Grenada Electricity Services Ltd.(GRENLEC); staffing and labour relations; rate structure; the location of administrative control of the company and its effect on labour relations within the company and on the costs of electricity to consumers. Complaints received against the Company related to rising charges for electricity, the emphasis on profit-making, comparative salaries and allowances for expatriate and local workers and the slow progress made in electrification of the country. The Commission finds the Company's accounts to be well-kept and that average profits and dividends over the period 1967-76 were moderate. There is no justification for reducing the number of persons employed by the Company and salaries paid to local workers are on par with those paid in the country. There is no evidence that labour relations are exacerbated by the external administrative control of the company. The Commission recommends, inter alia, the immediate establishment of a Public Utilities Commission, the speeding up of the training of West Indians to take over top management posts from expatriates and the reduction of charges for services by the Company's Regional and Head Offices.

FOREIGN ENTERPRISES, ELECTRIC POWER PLANTS, FINANCIAL ASPECTS,
ADMINISTRATIVE ASPECTS, LABOUR RELATIONS.

059

UNIDO

Katsu, S.

UNIDO

(R) Industrial promotion assistance project to the ECCM Secretariat. Grenada. (TF/CAR/75/001). Final report.

Vienna, 1979. 76p. Tables, diagram.

UNIDO-UNIDO/IOD.257

UNIDO PUB. Final report on industrial promotion assistance to Grenada (Reference: ECCM) - covers: (1)Industrialization process in the ECCM; problems and constraints (2) Grenada: the industrial sector, manpower, natural resources, mineral resources, energy, financing (3)main project activities: institutional framework, data collecting, survey and research, planning department, project selection.

060

UNIDO

Malhotra, C. L.

UNIDO

(R) Production of salt and iodine, Grenada. Terminal report.(1976)

Vienna, 1976. 29p. Tables, map, diagram.

UNIDO-DP/ID/SER.B/60

...

UNIDO PUB. Final Report on the feasibility of producing (A) Salt and (B) Iodine from seaweed in Grenada - covers (1) former salt industry based on sea water evaporation (2) climatic factors (3) salt demand to 1985; imports (4) possibilities and limitations of salt production, considering also desalinization process (5) possible small factory layout (for manually operated plant) (6) capital costs and production costs (7) investigation of seaweed use for recovery of iodine, annexing chemical analysis. Recommendations, statistics, map. Restricted.

Eng1

061

CDC

Mayers, J. M.

UWI, Institute of Social and Economic Research, (Mona, Kingston, Jamaica)

Nutmeg industry in Grenada.

(Industria de la nuez moscada en Granada.)

Kingston, Jamaica, 1978. 50p. ISER, Working Paper no.3

Examines the history of the nutmeg industry and its importance to the Grenada economy, as well as production and marketing factors, and assesses the performance and activities of the Grenada Co-operative Nutmeg Association.

GRENADA, SPICES.

Eng1

062

GDP

OAS. General Secretariat (Washington. D.C., US).

Nutmeg oil distillation feasibilities in Grenada.

Washington, D.C., US, July 1979

SG/SER.H/V1.1

A study to evaluate alternatives for spice processing and essential oil distillation based on nutmeg, lime, cloves and other minor spices, and to analyse market potential both within and outside the CARICOM region. The study concludes that processing is not justified if the nutmeg can be sold at good prices, that there is greater demand than supply of minor spices, and that the CARICOM markets should be exploited. It recommends expansion of the collecting and processing stations, processing of defectives, promoting of the processed products, development of a domestic distillation apparatus and revitalization of the Government produce laboratory.

GRENADA, NUTMEG+, SPICES, NUTMEG PRODUCTS+.

063

UNIDO

O'Loughlin, C.

UNIDO. Seminar on financial assistance and extension services for the promotion of small-scale industries in the Caribbean area, Bridgetown, Barbados, 1973.

...

The economies of the smaller Caribbean islands (and Belize) with special reference to development of small-scale industry - covers (1) economic conditions in St.Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St.Lucia, Grenada, and St.Vincent (2) existing industries (3) present and planned promotion of agriproduct processing, construction industry, tourism, and shipbuilding (fishing vessels), mentioning the need for regional cooperation with a view to participation in CARIFTA.

Engl

064

CDC

Sammy, G. M.

Agro-industries; prospect for Grenada.

(Agroindustrial; perspectivas para Granada.)

St. Augustine, Trinidad University of the West Indies, 1974. 11p.

Emphasizes principles which are oriented towards rural development in Grenada. Proposes the establishment of a number of small-scale community processing units, strategically located with respect to raw material potentials. Export and non-export crops are considered.

AGROINDUSTRY, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, GRENADA.

Engl

09. TRADE

065

CDC

Caribbean Development Bank (Wilkey, Barbados)

UNCTAD/GATT.ITC (Geneva, CH)

Report on the CDB/ITC Seminar/Workshop on spices: Grenada.

Wilkey, Barbados, May, 1981.

Seminar/workshop on spices, Wilkey, Barbados. 5 May 1981

The workshop was convened to discuss and make recommendations as regards the findings of a study of the regional production, prices and markets for spices and essential oils, which was conducted by the CDB and the International Trade Centre UNCTAD/GATT. The programme of the Workshop is outlined and is followed by a summary of the main recommendations. Special recommendations deal with production, processing and the marketing of the following nutmegs and mace, pimento, ginger capsicum, cloves, cinammon, vanilla, turmeric, black pepper, processed spices, nutmeg oil, bay oil and lime oil. Recommendations are also made for research and product development, dissemination of marketing data, transportation, regional and international cooperation. Appendices.

CONFERENCE REPORT, PLANT PRODUCTION, SPICES, ESSENTIAL OILS,
AGRIPRODUCT PROCESSING, MARKETING.

066

CDC-UN

Liebich, F. K.

CEPAL. Office for the Caribbean (Port of Spain, Trinidad)

Considerations concerning the introduction of the ECCM tariff,
Volume II. Country notes.

(Consideraciones respecto a la introducción del arancel del MCOO.
Volumen 2. Notas de los países.)

Port of Spain. CEPAL, 1968. 63p.

ECLA/POS 70 8/Add.1

Summary of discussions held with the ECCM countries of St. Lucia
Dominica, Grenada, St. Vincent, St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla, Montserrat and
Antigua, in order to evaluate the fiscal and other important impli-
cations resulting from the introduction of the ECCM tariff.

CEPAL PUB, TARIFF AGREEMENTS, COMMON MARKET, ANTIGUA, DOMINICA,
GRENADA, ST. VINCENT, ST. KITTS-NEVIS-ANGUILLA, ECCM.

Engl

067

CEPAL

Phillips, W.J.

Major export crops of Grenada; market factors and their impli-
cations for production.

(Cultivos principales de exportación de Granada; factores del
mercado y sus implicaciones para la producción.)

St. Augustine, UWI. Department of Agricultural Economics and Farm
Management, 1968. 27lp.

Unrevised M. Sc. thesis.

En General

Examines the market and production situation for Grenada's major
export crops, cocoa, bananas, nutmeg and mace so as to identify the
implications of market conditions for production and problems limiting
better performance of the crops on the supply side. It also suggests
possible lines of action at the national and farm levels which may help
to offset the effects of unfavourable market conditions.

068

CDC

Phillips, W.

UWI Institute of International Relations

"Market prospects for Grenada's major export crops". In Indepen-
dence for Grenada: myth or reality?

St. Augustine, Trinidad, 1974. pp. 105-117. Tables.

An analysis of production and market conditions for cocoa, nut-
megs and bananas shows that in the absence of the oil crisis, the pros-
pects for cocoa and nutmegs seemed favourable (more so for cocoa than
nutmegs). The banana situation is the most uncertain although recent
happenings on the UK market indicated good short term prospects. While
nutmeg and mace production is showing an upward trend, cocoa has fluc-
tuated and banana production has declined steadily since 1968. Grenada's
major problem has traditionally been one of production and export

quantities rather than marketing. The recent oil crisis may well lead to a turnabout in this position if the rate of general economic and incomes in the major importing countries are slowed down because of production cut-backs to conserve fuel in these countries. Grenada's major export market, the UK is seriously threatened by the oil crisis and the latter's implications for imports could well be disastrous for the Grenadian economy. On the other hand this potential crisis for the Grenadian economy affords an opportunity for the rationalization of agriculture in general.

PLANT PRODUCTION, COCOA, NUTMEG, BANANAS, INTERNATIONAL MARKET.

069

GDP

Regis, V.

UWI Department of Agriculture and Farm Management.

An economic assessment of an alternative marketing strategy for

Grenada nutmegs.

St. Augustine, Trinidad, January 1975. Tables.

The study seeks to determine the effects on returns of producers of a change in the marketing strategy of the Grenada industry through an analysis of the industry. As a result of the findings, the study concludes that the establishment of a nutmeg oil distillery by the Grenada Co-operative Nutmeg Association is a feasible project and recommends the sale of sound nutmegs as raw materials and the processing of defective nutmegs for sale as nutmeg oil and nutmeg butter.

NUTMEG+, SPICES, NUTMEG PRODUCTS+, GRENADA.

070

UNBIS

E/IT/1978/21

Illicit traffic. Grenada

14 August 1979 - 3p.

KEYS: narcotic drugs:/illicit traffic: Grenada
narcotic drugs:/illicit traffic

10. TRANSPORT

071

GDP

GEOPROGETTI (Rome, Italy)

Eastern Main Road Rehabilitation study: test results and suggestions
for the rehabilitation; integrative report of draft final report.

Rome, Italy, February 1979. Tables.

Tests for natural moisture content, in situ moisture, and dry density as well as compaction and bearing capacity tests were carried out on samples taken from sections of the Eastern Main Road. These showed the variable nature of the sub-grade which consists mainly of clayey soils. Crushed quarried rocks were also tested for use as pavements. The study concludes that the interaction of the actual crushed stone course with the soft sub-grade is at the origin of the damages improving the drainage system.

GRENADA, EASTERN MAIN ROAD REHABILITATION+, ROAD CONSTRUCTION.

072

GDP

ICAO

Caribbean airports maintenance and operations study: Grenada Airport.
Montreal, Canada. November 1979. RLA/A/1.01

The report examines existing airport engineering including; runway, fuel supply, terminal building, air traffic control tower, water, electricity, sewage disposal, and maintenance operations. Recommendations are made for scheduled operating and maintenance producers, additional staff and training, additional fire fighting and navigation aids and communication are also examined with recommendations for equipment and staffing. Financial reorganization is recommended with a summary of costs of implementing the changes recommended.

PEARLS AIRPORT+, AIR TRANSPORT, FIRE CONTROL, AIRPORTS,
MANAGEMENT, GRENADA.

11. PUBLIC FINANCE. BANKING. INTERNATIONAL MONETARY RELATIONS.

073

GDP

Financing agreement between the European Economic Community and
Grenada: First annual programme of micro-projects.
Brussels, Belgium. 11 November 1977.

The agreement outlines conditions for project implementation and the administering authorities. An annex states the objectives which are development of community centres, an industrial school, a health centre, sanitation facilities, and footpaths in the rural areas. The implementation procedures are summarised along with details of contributions and locations of the individual projects. Financial regulations applicable to the fourth European Development Fund are also annexed.

GRENADA, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, EEC.

074

CDC

Francis, F. A.
US. AID Regional Development Office (Bridgetown, Barbados)
UNDP (New York, N.Y., US)
UN. Multi-sector Regional Planning Project for the Caribbean
Community (Port of Spain, Trinidad)

Study of the problems of tax policy and tax administration in the less developed countries of the Caribbean Community.

(Estudio de los problemas de los sistemas tributarios en los países menos desarrollados de la Comunidad del Caribe.)

Port of Spain. UN Multi-Sector Regional Planning Project for the Caribbean Community, 1977, 188p.

Reviews tax policy and tax administration in the less developed countries of the Caribbean Community. Describes the tax system in each country and identifies the problems. Gives synopsis of an approach to problems of tax policy and tax administration in the less developed CARICOM countries. Presents summary of findings and recommendations.

FISCAL POLICY, FISCAL ADMINISTRATION, TAX SYSTEMS, ANTIGUA,
BELIZE, DOMINICA, GRENADA, MONTSEERAT, ST. KITTS-NEVIS-ANGUILLA,
ST. LUCIA, ST. VINCENT, CARIBBEAN.

0750x

IESA/ISU

Memorandum on domestic residential mortgage finance potential in Grenada for the decennium 1971-1980.

Dec 1970. 18p.

UNDP East Caribbean physical planning project. Mimeographed report.

Availability: Restricted.

Palvia, C. M. (UN, Housing Adviser to the Governments of East Caribbean Islands)

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

Memorandum surveys potential sources of housing finance in Grenada, particularly for low-income households, from 1971 to 1980.

Describes financial institutions, functioning or able to function in the housing finance market, e.g. commercial banks, a building and loan association, a cooperative bank and life insurance companies.

Suggests financing through a system of compulsory savings, pooled resources of agricultural cooperatives, and sale of developed lands. Estimates that resources potential could increase by 5 times during the period.

076

CDC

Miller, N.

UWI. Institute of International Relations (St. Augustine, Trinidad)

Department of Government. (St. Augustine, Trinidad)

"The scope to monetary and financial independence". In Independence for Grenada: myth of reality?

St. Augustine, Trinidad, 1974. Tables. 159p.

Examines the features of financial and monetary dependence which are characteristic of the Grenadian economy and draws attention to certain needed changes in the financial system. Institutional arrangements with respect to money and finance have led to two principal occurrences - the outflow of the savings of surplus economic units to deficit spenders abroad and the conduct of financial business on terms directly influenced by conditions in the United Kingdom. Other pertinent factors are the absence of government securities and a market for financial assets and the complete lack of monetary and financial legislation. The foregoing emphasizes the need for financial regulation and control to develop a system which would foster the efficient allocation of surpluses for growth and transformation-oriented activity within the economy. The essential ingredients of financial reform would comprise: the reform of the currency issuing authority so as to provide discretionary control of the monetary base; the protection of the local financial environment through appropriate exchange control regulations; ensuring that local surpluses be available to finance local deficits; and devising a system to enable the government to have easy access to local finance.

DEPENDENCE, FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, FINANCIAL POLICY, PUBLIC FINANCE.

077

UNIDO

O'Loughlin, C.

UNIDO

Seminar on financial assistance and extension services for the promotion of small-scale industries in the Caribbean area, Bridgetown, Barbados.

The economies of the smaller Caribbean Islands and the perspective for the development of small industry.

Vienna, 1973. 24p. Tables.

UNIDO-ID/WG.167/2

UNIDO PUB on the economies of the Caribbean Islands (and Belize) with special reference to development of small-scale industry - covers (1) economic conditions in St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Lucia, Grenada, and St. Vincent (2) existing industries (3) present and planned promotion of agriproduct processing, construction industry, tourism, and shipbuilding (fishing vessels), mentioning the need for regional cooperation with a view to participation in CARIFTA.

Engl

078

IESA/ISU

Quantification of housing standards in the rural and urban areas of the East Caribbean region and an estimate of the financial cost for eliminating sub-standard housing conditions through a ten-year (1971-80) programme.

Mar 1971. 26p.

UNDP East Caribbean physical planning project. Mimeographed report.

Availability: Restricted.

Palvia, C.M. (UN. Housing Adviser to the Governments of East Caribbean Islands

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

Report describes (1) housing situation in both rural and urban areas of the East Caribbean and its statistical base, and (2) the total housing problem and its financial implications. Includes data on population dynamics, household size, housing density and conditions, water supply and sanitary facilities for Dominica, Grenada, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla and Montserrat.

Concludes that 43,000 dwelling units need some kind of structural improvement, if not replacement. Includes cost estimates for improving standards of existing housing and for new construction, for the 10-year period of 1971-1980.

079

IESA/ISU

Suggested external financial sources for residential finance in Grenada (a supplement to an earlier draft paper on domestic residential mortgage financial potential in Grenada for the decennium 1971-80).

29 Dec 1970. 5p.

UNDP East Caribbean physical planning project. Mimeographed report.

Availability: Restricted.

Palvia, C. M. (UN. Housing Adviser to the Governments of East Caribbean Islands

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

Memorandum outlines various existing forms of external financial flows into the Grenadian economy. These include remittances by Grenadian nationals employed abroad or by aliens visiting or living in Grenada, loans and grants from the UK, and funds flowing from other governments and international and regional institutions.

Adviser concludes that these resources can furnish needed housing financing provided fiscal policies of Grenada are properly enunciated and executed.

080

CDC

Watterson, G.

Grenada: 99.4% of IAP committed. In Courier, no.60, March-April 1980, p.116-117.

Concerns EDF Projects.

13. LABOUR

081

GDP

ILO

Agnihotri, V.

ILO

Grenada: Manpower assessment and planning; project findings and recommendations.

Geneva, 1976. 12p. (ILO-GRN/72/015)

ILO PUB. Project report on the improvement of manpower planning and assessment in Grenada - outlines project activities and results in respect of information on manpower needs and current and future requirements, and includes a summary of conclusions and recommendations.

Engl

1976

082

CDC

Ching, U.

Trinidad and Tobago. Management Development Centre (Port of Spain, Trinidad)

Register of skills and expertise in the Windward Islands.

(Registro de Técnicos y especialistas en las islas de Sotavento.)

Port of Spain, Management Development Centre, 1978. 12p.

Presents a register of skills and expertise in the Windward Islands under the following headings: general management, production management, management accounting, marketing, personnel management and industrial relations and other areas of management training.

DIRECTORY, DEVELOPMENT PERSONNEL, BARBADOS, GRENADA, DOMINICA, ST. LUCIA, ST. VINCENT.

Engl

083

CDC

Farrell, T., ~~##~~ Henry, R., ~~##~~ Phillip, D., ~~##~~ Seabrun-Lewis, A.

Grenada: unemployment, employment and household survey 1980;
statistical report of a survey on population labour force and
housing conditions in Grenada and Carriacou, October 1980

Port of Spain Trinidad, 1981. 35p. Tables.

Statistical report of a household survey conducted in October 1980, which seeks to generate information on employment, underemployment, population characteristics, household income, measures of poverty and housing conditions. The sample frame was derived from the total number of buildings in the country. This was obtained from data collected by the anti-Aedes Aegypti campaign operated by the Ministry of Health, which gives a total of 27,786 buildings for the period April 1979 to March 1980. The lists obtained were stratified according to parish and rural/urban areas and a sample of 298 buildings was selected. The final sample of 286 respondent households constituted 1.03% of the total number and the residual number was taken as the sample frame. The sample households constituted 1.31% of this sampling frame. Estimates of population characteristics were obtained by dividing sampling values by the sampling fraction of .013. Survey findings and estimates are illustrated by tables.

STATISTICAL DATA, METHODOLOGY, POPULATION DISTRIBUTION,
POPULATION COMPOSITION, INCOME DISTRIBUTION, HOUSING.

084

ILO

Harewood, J.

Employment in Grenada in 1960.

Social and Economic Studies (Kingston), 15(3), Sep 1966, 203-238.

Tables, Diags. Microfilm

Analysis of changes in the occupational structure in Grenada during the intercensal period from 1946 to 1960 - covers manpower changes (by age group and sex) and relationship thereof to demographic changes, causes of unemployment, utilisation of human resources, the place of the woman worker in the economy, etc. Comparative study of other countries, in particular Trinidad and Tobago. Statistical data.

Engl

1966

085

CDC

Henderson, T. H.

UWI, Department of Agricultural Extension (St. Augustine, Trinidad)

Trained manpower needs in the agricultural sector: Leeward and
Windward Islands.

(Necesidad de mano de obra capacitada en el sector agrícola: Islas
de Sotavento y Barlovento.)

St. Augustine, Trinidad, 1976. 1v.

Presents agriculture in relation to the rest of the economy, then
outlines the present staff situation and project trained manpower needs

...

in the Leeward and Windward Islands. Makes a survey of existing agricultural training institutions in the Commonwealth Caribbean and finally suggests long-term plans for training at intermediate and farmer levels.

MANPOWER NEEDS, AGRICULTURAL SECTOR, DOMINICA, ST. LUCIA,
ST. VINCENT, GRENADA, ST. KITTS-NEVIS-ANGUILLA, MONTSERRAT, ANTIGUA.

Engl

086

ILO

ILO

Manual of instructions for employment bureau in Grenada-
Geneva, 1975. 2, 84p. (ILO-ILO/TAP/GRENADA)

UNDP - ILO PUB. Manual of instructions for the National Employment Service in Grenada - covers notification of employment opportunities, register of employers, interviewing techniques, vocational training facilities and job placement, etc, and includes sample forms.
(Restricted).

Engl

1975

087

ILO

Louison, H.P.

ILO

Danish International Development Agency

ILO/DANIDA Regional seminar on wage determination for Caribbean countries,
Kingston, 1978

Background paper on wage determination in Grenada.

Geneva, 1978. 2 L. (ILO-RWSC/1978/D.16)

ILO-PUB. Conference paper on wage determination in Grenada. Conf.
Kingston 1978 Mar 1 to 7.

Engl

1978

088

ILO

St. John R.

ILO

Danish International Development Agency

ILO/DANIDA Regional seminar on wage determination for Caribbean countries,
Kingston, 1978

Background paper on wage determination in Grenada.

Geneva, 1978. 2L. (ILO-RWSC/1978/D.17)

ILO PUB. Conference paper on wage determination in Grenada. Conf.
Kingston 1978 Mar 1 to 7.

Engl

1978

089 ILO
Smith, A.
ILO
Danish International Development Agency
ILO/DANIDA Regional Seminar on wage determination for Caribbean countries,
Kingston, 1978
Background paper on wage determination in Grenada.
Geneva, 1978. 3/. (ILO-RWSC/1978/D.9)
ILO PUB. Conference paper on wage determination in Grenada. Conf.
Kingston 1978 Mar 1 to 7.

Engl
1978

14. DEMOGRAPHY. POPULATION

090 ILO
Harewood, J.
Population growth in Grenada in the twentieth century.
Social and economic studies (Kingston), 15(2), Jun 1966, 61-84.
Tables, Diagr. Microfilm
Examination of demographic changes in Grenada in the 20th century
- includes reasons for population growth and migration, and
information on the age group and sex structure of the population.

Engl
1966

091 CDC
Miller, D. L.
UNFPA (New York, N.Y., US)
English-speaking Caribbean.
(Caribe de habla inglesa.)
New York, 1978. 45p. UNFPA, Population Profiles, no.10

This population profile covers the national family planning pro-
gramme in Guyana and the islands of St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla, Antigua,
Dominica, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Grenada and Trinidad and Tobago.
POPULATION, FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMMES, GUYANA, ANTIGUA, DOMINICA,
ST. LUCIA, ST. VINCENT, GRENADA, TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO, ST. KITTS-
NEVIS-ANGUILLA

Engl

092

IESA/ISU

Memorandum on domestic residential mortgage finance potential in Grenada for the decennium 1971-1980.

Dec 1970. 18p.

UNDP East Caribbean physical planning project. Mimeographed report.

Availability: Restricted.

Palvia, C. M. (UN. Housing Adviser to the Governments of East Caribbean Islands

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

Memorandum surveys potential sources of housing finance in Grenada, particularly for low-income households, from 1971-1980.

Describes financial institutions, functioning or able to function in the housing finance market, e.g. commercial banks, a building and loan association, a cooperative bank and life insurance companies.

Suggests financing through a system of compulsory savings, pooled resources of agricultural cooperatives, and sale of developed lands. Estimates that resources potential could increase by 5 times during the period.

093

IESA/ISU

Quantification of housing standards in the rural and urban areas of the East Caribbean region and an estimate of the financial cost eliminating sub-standard housing conditions through a ten-year (1971-80) programme.

Mar 1971. 26p.

UNDP East Caribbean physical planning project. Mimeographed report.

Availability: Restricted.

Palvia, C.M. (UN. Housing Adviser to the Governments of East Caribbean Islands

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

Report describes (1) housing situation in both rural and urban areas of the East Caribbean and its statistical base, and (2) the total housing problem and its financial implications; includes data on population dynamics, household size, housing density and conditions, water supply and sanitary facilities for Dominica, Grenada, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla and Montserrat.

Concludes that 43,000 dwelling units need some kind of structural improvement, if not replacement. Includes cost estimates for improving standards of existing housing and for new construction, for the 10-year period of 1971-1980.

094

IESA/ISU

Suggested external financial sources for residential finance in Grenada (a supplement to an earlier draft paper on domestic residential mortgage financial potential in Grenada for the decennium 1971-80).

29 Dec 1970. 5p.

UNDP East Caribbean physical planning project. Mimeographed report.

Availability: Restricted.

Palvia, C.M. (UN. Housing Adviser to the Governments of East Caribbean Islands

UNDP, New York, N.Y. US

...

Memorandum outlines various existing forms of external financial flows into the Grenadian economy. These include remittances by Grenadian nationals employed abroad or by aliens visiting or living in Grenada, loans and grants from the UK, and funds flowing from other governments and international and regional institutions.

Adviser concludes that these resources can furnish needed housing financing provided fiscal policies of Grenada are properly enunciated and executed.

095

IESA/ISU

Summary report on housing in Cayman Islands, Trinidad and Tobago, Grenada, Dominica, Montserrat, St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla.

15 May 1968. 25p. in various pagings

Dittoed report.

Hanson, D. R. (UN. Centre for Housing, Building and Planning, New York, N.Y. US)

Report of UN adviser on housing provides data on estimates of population growth and housing needs in Cayman Islands, Trinidad and Tobago, Grenada, Dominica, Montserrat and St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla.

Examines and discusses housing situation problems in areas of finance, land use, building materials, manpower and organization.

Suggests solutions based on proposed targets in each area through both government and international assistance. Includes evaluatory comments on housing programmes in St. Lucia and St. Vincent.

15. BIOLOGY. FOOD. HEALTH

096

CDC

Alleyne, C.

Changing perspectives on health care development in Grenada. In Bulletin of Eastern Caribbean Affairs, vol.7, no.1, March/April 1981, p.12-15.

097

GDP

Grenada Government

Agreement between the European Economic Community and Grenada: extension to St. George's Hospital.

Brussels, Belgium, 6 May 1977

Defines the technical assistance agreement for the extension of the St. Georges' Hospital, detailing the areas of extension, the funds provided by the EDF, and general provisions for ensuring the efficient implementation of the project. The agreement further defines the approved methods of contract performance, and participation in tendering procedures.

GRENADA, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, EEC, ST GEORGES' GENERAL HOSPITAL+.

098

UNBIS

E.IT/1978/21

Illicit traffic. Grenada

14 Aug. 1979 - 3p.

KEYS: narcotic drugs:/illicit traffic:Grenada
narcotic drugs:/illicit traffic

099

UNBIS

DP/FPA/10/Add.16

United Nations Fund for Population Activities.

Projects and country agreements.

Recommendation by the Executive Director

Regional project Caribbean. Development of health, manpower and nursing
education

5 Apr. 1979 - 4p.

KEYS: Caribbean region:/UNFPA projects
health services:/training of personnel
Antigua:/UNFPA projects
Montserrat:/UNFPA projects
Saint Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla:/ UNFPA projects
Saint Lucia:/UNFPA projects
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines:/UNFPS projects
Barbados:/UNFPA projects
Dominica:/UNFPA projects
Grenada:/UNFPA projects
Jamaica:/UNFPA projects
Trinidad and Tobago:/UNFPA projects

16. ENVIRONMENT. NATURAL RESOURCES

100

CDC

CEPAL. CDCC

UNDP

Evaluation of damage caused by the Grenada rainstorm and its im-
plications for economic development programmes.

(Evaluación del daño causado por la tormenta en Grenada y las im-
plicaciones para los programas de desarrollo económico.)

Santiago de Chile, CEPAL, 1975. 1v.

E/CEPAL/CDCC/9

Original publication in English.

Reports on the disaster caused by the Grenada rainstorm and possible
relief and rehabilitation measures of both a short and medium-term nature.
The impact on the economy is then examined and conclusions presented. Tables,
diagrams and maps are also included.

CEPAL PUB, NATURAL DISASTERS, GRENADA, CARIBBEAN, ECONOMIC AID,
STATISTICAL TABLES.

101

CDC

Fletcher, T.

OAS; Caribbean Task Force (Washington, D.C. US)

Identification and assessment of conventional and non-conventional energy resources of Grenada.

Washington, D.C. US, May 1977. Maps, tables

Like most of the Caribbean territories Grenada's energy needs are satisfied mainly by imported oil, although it has been estimated that a significant percentage of domestic energy needs are satisfied by indigenous solid fuels such as wood and charcoal. Energy consumption patterns indicate that 25% of the energy imported into or produced in Grenada is used for domestic purposes, 30% for ground transportation, just over one third in electricity generation and just over 6% for industrial purposes. Electrical energy consumption which increased at an annual average rate of 10% prior to the energy crisis, is projected to increase by 5% per annum in the foreseeable future. An Examination of available conventional and non-conventional energy sources shows that the most promising indigenous sources of energy which require further examination are Hydraulic, Solar, Wind and Forest-Growth Activities recommended in the short term are: examine ways and means to conserve imported petroleum products; expand and develop improved facilities for the drying of crops using solar energy; implement measuring systems to monitor solar wind and hydraulic energy; and measure thermal potential of hot springs and volcanic locations. In the long term, solar energy may be the only feasible indigenous source.

ENERGY CONSUMPTION, ENERGY UTILIZATION, ENERGY SOURCES, DEVELOPMENT POTENTIAL.

102

CDC

United Nations. CTC (New York, N.Y.US)

Report on assistance to the Government of Grenada in the petroleum sector.

New York, N.Y. US, March 1981. 9p.

Proposes specific areas of assistance which could be provided to the Government of Grenada by the United Nations Centre on Transnational Corporations (UNCTC) within the overall context of UNDP - funded project GRN/80/002 "Formulation and Implementation of National Energy Policy." The current state of affairs as regards petroleum exploration is such that: existing and available geological/geophysical knowledge is extremely limited; the seabed boundary of Grenadian waters has not been agreed or defined; the legal framework for petroleum exploration and production, has not been effected; and the government's own organization for dealing with petroleum issues is quite limited. UNCTC recommends that the Government: declare an Exclusive Economic Zone and prepare appropriate maps; formalize the authority of the inter-ministerial committee on energy and establish a timetable for future action; consider the draft Petroleum Act after receipt of comments from UNCTC; identify areas for exploration, and foreign partners and formulate a basic negotiating position. UNCTC will assist in obtaining data on the 1971 seismic survey, provide comments on the Draft Petroleum Act, organize a workshop for government officials concerned with petroleum matters, draft the regulations under the Petroleum Act and provide support for the government negotiating team.

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ENERGY POLICY, PETROLEUM RESOURCES, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, UNITED
NATIONS CENTRE ON TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS+.

18. SCIENCE RESEARCH METHODOLOGY
(STATISTICAL DATA)

103

UNBIS

Abstract of statistics - Grenada. Central Statistics Office, 1978
St. George's: The Office, 1979 -
Annual
Holdings recorded in Governmental Serials Checklist
1978 (1979) -
CALL NO.: ESA GrenS+2

19. INFORMATION DOCUMENTATION

104

CDC

CEPAL. Office for the Caribbean
Selected information on Grenada.
(Información seleccionada sobre Granada.)
Port of Spain, CEPAL, 1975.
ECLA/POS/75/6

Presents selected information on Grenada in a very condensed way.
Deals with the geography, historical background, political situation, natural
resources, demography and the economic situation. Includes a short
bibliography.

CEPAL PUB, GRENADA, CARIBBEAN, BIBLIOGRAPHY.

Engl

105

ILO

UK. Central Office of Information
Grenada.

London, H.M.S.O., 1974. 31p. Its: reference pamphlet 115.

Booklet comprising a general study of Grenada - covers demographic
characteristics, historical and geographical aspects, the political
system, economic development, trade, agriculture, tourism, industry,
the infrastructure, electricity and water supply, employment, labour
relations, education, health services, community development, social
services, housing, etc. Illustrations, map and statistical tables.

Engl

1974

106

CDC

Wilkinson, A.C.

Grenada; a select bibliography. In Bulletin of Eastern Caribbean Affairs,
vol.7, no.1, March/April 1981, p.41-48.

OTHER BIBLIOGRAPHIES IN THE SERIES

Select Bibliography on Coastal Area Development and Environmental, Physical and Regional Planning in the Caribbean Region. - October 1980. - 9p. - (CEPAL/CARIB 80/10).

Select Bibliography on Energy. - February 1981. - iii; 18p.- (CEPAL/CARIB 81/6).

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